

**ISANTI COUNTY DISTRICT COURT
LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY (LEP) PLAN**

I. LEGAL BASIS AND PURPOSE

This document serves as the plan for Isanti County District Court to provide services to LEP individuals in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; 45 C.F.R. § 80 et seq; and 28 C.F.R. § 42 et seq. The purpose of this plan is to provide a framework for the provision of timely and reasonable language assistance to LEP persons who come in contact with Isanti County District Court.

This LEP Plan was developed to ensure equal access to court services for persons with limited English proficiency and hearing impaired persons. Although deaf and hard of hearing individuals are covered under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) rather than Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, they have been included in this plan insofar as they relate to the Minnesota Judicial Branch Court Interpreter Program.

II. NEEDS ASSESSMENT

A. Statewide

The State of Minnesota provides court services to a wide range of persons, including people who do not speak English or who are hearing impaired. Service providers include the Minnesota Supreme Court, the Court of Appeals and trial courts in the ten judicial districts.

According to the Minnesota Court Interpreter Program, which tracks court interpreter usage, the most widely used languages for interpreters in Minnesota courts in 2004 were (in descending order of frequency):

1. Spanish
2. Somali
3. Hmong
4. American Sign Language
5. Vietnamese

B. Isanti County District Court

Isanti County District Court will make every effort to provide service to all LEP persons. However, the following list shows the foreign languages that are most frequently used in the area.

- Spanish
- Vietnamese
- American Sign Language

This information is based on data from the Minnesota Court Interpreter Program and personal experience.

III. LANGUAGE ASSISTANCE RESOURCES

A. Interpreters Used In the Courtroom

By Minnesota statute, it is “the policy of this State that the constitutional rights of persons handicapped in communication cannot be fully protected unless qualified interpreters are available to assist them in legal proceedings.” Minn. Stat. § 611.30 (2006). A person “handicapped in communication” is one who, because of difficulty in speaking or comprehending the English language, is unable to fully understand the proceedings in which the person is required to participate, or when named as a party to a legal proceeding, is unable by reason of the deficiency to obtain due process of law. Minn. Stat. §§546.42, 611.31, 358.02 (2006).

In the Isanti County District Court, sign language interpreters will be provided at court expense for all deaf court customers in compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act. Spoken language interpreters will be provided at no cost to the court customers who are “handicapped in communication” under the following circumstances:

- Interpreters will be provided at no cost for litigants and witnesses in criminal hearings;
- Interpreters will be provided at no cost for litigants and witnesses in juvenile hearings;
- Interpreters will be provided at no cost for litigants and witnesses in child support hearings; and
- The payment for spoken language interpreters for litigants and witnesses in civil hearings will be determined at the discretion of the officiating judge.

Alternatively, Minnesota Statutes Section 611.33, subd. 3 requires that “[p]ayments for any activities requiring interpreter services on behalf of law enforcement, the board of public defense, prosecutors, or corrections agents other than court appearances is the responsibility of the agency that requested the services.”

Courtroom spectators with disabilities are participants in the court program and are entitled to such aids or services as will afford them an equal opportunity to follow the court proceedings. The ultimate determination of which “spectators” are ultimately accommodated and the type of accommodation received, should be determined on a case by case basis and should not result in an undue financial or administrative burden being imposed on the court. Where a court has the responsibility for providing qualified sign-language interpreters, it also has the responsibility to pay for the services of the interpreters. In addition, the ADA regulations specifically prohibit interpreting services being assessed as an element of normal “court costs.”

1. Determining the Need for an Interpreter in the Courtroom

There are various ways that the Isanti County District Court will determine whether an LEP court customer needs an interpreter for a court hearing. First, the LEP person may request an

interpreter. The Isanti County District Court displays a sign translated into Minnesota's eleven most frequently used languages which states: *"You may have the right to a court-appointed interpreter in a court case. Please ask someone at the court information desk."* The Isanti County District Court displays this sign at the following location: across from court administrator's office above table area.

Second, court personnel and judges may determine that an interpreter is appropriate for a court hearing. Many people who need an interpreter will not request one because they do not realize that interpreters are available, or because they do not recognize the level of English proficiency or communication skills needed to understand the court proceeding. Therefore, when it appears that an individual has any difficulty communicating, the court administrator or judge should err on the side of providing an interpreter to ensure full access to the courts.

Third, the Minnesota Court Information System (MNCIS), which is the statewide case management system, will track interpreter needs through case records and party records. Case record interpreter flags will assist staff in making sure that they know an interpreter is needed for the next hearing on a particular case. Party record interpreter information stays with the party and would be available statewide for future filings and party search results for that same individual.

Finally, outside agencies such as probation, attorneys, social workers or correctional facilities may notify the court about an LEP individual's need for an interpreter for an upcoming a court hearing.

2. Court Interpreter Qualifications

The Isanti County District Court hires interpreters for courtroom hearings in compliance with the rules and policies set forth by the Minnesota Court Interpreter Program (CIP) and Rule 8 of the General Rules of Practice for the District Courts. The CIP maintains a statewide roster of interpreters who may work in the courts. This roster is available to court staff on CourtNet and the Supreme Court's web site. Interpreters on the roster have passed the court's ethics exam, attended an orientation session and signed a sworn affidavit of professional responsibility. In accordance with Rule 8, the ISANTI County District Court appoints "certified" interpreters when available. To be certified, an interpreter must first meet the requirements to be on the roster, and secondly must pass a rigorous exam testing linguistic and interpreting skills. Minnesota court certified interpreters are currently available in the following languages: Spanish, Hmong, American Sign Language, Vietnamese, and Russian. When the Isanti County District Court has made a "diligent" effort to find a certified court interpreter and none is available, the Isanti County District Court then seeks a non-certified court interpreter who is on the statewide roster.

In compliance with Rule 8, the Isanti County District Court appoints non-certified interpreters who are not listed on the roster only when certified and rostered interpreters are unavailable. Whenever a non-certified interpreter is used in the courtroom, judges are encouraged to inquire into the interpreter's skills, professional experience, and potential conflicts of interest.

As a last resort, the Isanti County District Court may also use interactive television (ITV) or telephone interpreting if no interpreters are available in person. Bilingual staff who are not on the statewide roster are never used to interpret in court. However, they may assist in securing an interpreter if necessary.

More information on court interpreters is available to court personnel in the “Best Practices Manual on Interpreters in the Minnesota State Court System,” published and maintained by the State Court Administrator’s Office.

B. Spoken Language Services Outside The Courtroom

The Isanti County District Court is also responsible for taking reasonable steps to ensure that LEP individuals have meaningful access to services outside the courtroom. This is perhaps the most challenging situation facing court staff, because in most situations they are charged with assisting LEP individuals without an interpreter. LEP individuals may come in contact with court personnel via the phone, counter or other means. To that end, the Isanti County District Court has the following resources to help LEP individuals and court staff communicate with each other:

- The Isanti County District Court has bilingual employees in the Spanish language in the County Attorney’s office. When LEP customers seek our assistance outside the courtroom, we first try to meet their needs by using the language skills of county employees.
- When court staff do not know what language a customer is speaking, they use “I speak” cards which are available in forty languages.
- In order to meet simple communicative needs, court staff may use free online translating services. This will help in translating an English statement into a foreign language in written form.

www.freetranslation.com Translation available between English and: Italian, Dutch, Portuguese, Russian, Spanish and Chinese.

<http://translation2.paralink.com/> Translation available between English and: French, German, Portuguese, Russian and Spanish.

<http://world.altavista.com/> Translation available between English and: Chinese, Dutch, French, German, Greek, Italian, Japanese, Korean, Russian, Portuguese, and Spanish.

http://www.worldlingo.com/en/products_services/worldlingo_translator.html Translation available between English and all languages listed in Altavista above.

Court staff that have some knowledge of the Spanish language may consult the Spanish/English glossary developed by the North Carolina courts located at http://www.nccourts.org/Citizens/CPrograms/Foreign?Documents/Clerks_Manual.pdf or refer to the translated Spanish phrases: (see attachment D).

C. Translated Forms & Documents

The Minnesota Courts understand the importance of translating forms and documents so that LEP individuals have greater access to the courts’ services. The Isanti County District Court

currently has the following forms translated into commonly used languages: (Criminal Court Forms have been translated into Cambodian, Hmong, Lao, Russian, Somali, Spanish and Vietnamese. These forms include Rule 15 Plea Petitions (Felony and Gross Misdemeanor); Felony, Gross Misdemeanor, Misdemeanor, and Petty Misdemeanor Statements of Rights; Gross Misdemeanor DUI Statement of Rights; Probation Violation Statement of Rights.

- Statement of Rights for First Court Appearance on Paternity Proceedings: Cambodian, Hmong, Lao, Russian, Somali and Spanish
- Domestic Abuse forms have been translated into Spanish, Somali, Hmong, Vietnamese, Russian, Lao, Arabic, Oromo and Khmer. These include: Instructions to Apply for an Order for Protection; Petitioner's Affidavit and Petition for Order for Protection; Notice to Petitioner; Petitioner's Information Sheet; Law Enforcement Information Sheet; Domestic Abuse Instruction Sheet; Respondent's Petition for Hearing; Affidavit and Motion to Modify Order for Protection; and Application for Extension of Order for Protection; Notice of Change of Address.

These translated forms are available on CourtNet for internal use, and available to the general public at: <http://www.courts.state.mn.us/forms/Default.aspx?pageID=9007&activeLink=138>

When interpreters are hired for hearings, they are expected to provide sight translations for corresponding documentation to LEP individuals.

IV. TRAINING

The Minnesota Courts are committed to providing LEP training opportunities for all staff members who come in contact with LEP individuals. Training opportunities specifically provided in the Isanti County District Court include:

- Training for front line staff members, who are often the first points of contact with LEP Individuals, is provided by court personnel. They are trained on ways to identify LEP People, including the use of "I speak"
- Front-line staff are required to annually review "Breaking Down the Language Barrier," a video training tool provided by the Department of Justice.
- Staff are instructed about LEP policies and procedures, as described in this LEP plan, on an annual basis.

V. PUBLIC NOTIFICATION AND EVALUATION OF LEP PLAN

A. LEP Plan Approval & Notification

The Isanti County District Court's LEP Plan has been approved by the District Administrator, and a copy has been forwarded to the State Court Administrator's Office (SCAO). Any revisions to the plan will be submitted to the District Administrator for approval, and then forwarded to the SCAO. Copies of Isanti County District Court's LEP plan will be provided upon request. In

addition, Isanti County District Court will post this Plan on its website, and the SCAO will post it on the Supreme Court's public website.

B. Annual Evaluation of the LEP Plan

The Isanti County District Court will conduct an annual needs assessment to determine whether changes to the LEP plan are required. This assessment may be done by tracking the number of interpreters requested by language in the courts, or by other methods.

Any revisions made to the Plan will be communicated to all court personnel, and an updated version of the plan will be posted on the court's web site. Additionally, it will be posted on the Supreme Court's public website.

Each year the statewide Court Interpreter Program Coordinator will coordinate with the judicial district interpreter liaisons to review the effectiveness of the LEP Plan. The evaluation will include identification of any problem areas and development of required corrective action strategies. Elements of the evaluation will include:

- Number of LEP persons requesting court interpreters in Minnesota Courts;
- Assessment of current language needs to determine if additional services or translated materials should be provided;
- Assessing whether staff members adequately understand LEP policies and procedures and how to carry them out; and
- Gathering feedback from LEP communities around the state.

LEP Contact Person

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The effective date of this LEP plan is January 1, 2006.

Approved *M. LaBore*, Judicial District Admin
9/4/08