## **GLOSSARY OF PROBATE TERMS**

**Affidavit of Collection** Document used to collect small sized estates with no involvement of

the courts.

**Ancillary Proceeding** Probate proceedings that takes place in a state or county where the

decedent owned property, not where the decedent resided.

**Claim** A liability of the decedent before death and/or a liability of the estate

after the decedent's death (e.g., funeral costs, costs of administration).

**Codicil** A legal instrument that modifies a Will.

**Creditor** A person or party to whom a debt is owed.

**Decedent** A person who has died.

**Descendant** All of the decedent's descendants of all generations.

**Demand** A document filed by a claimant, or someone with an interest,

demanding notice of the filing of an estate; may be submitted before

or after an estate case has been filed.

**Determination/Decree of** 

Descent

When a decedent has been dead for more than three years and no prior proceedings exist, statutes require the estate to be processed

through Determination of Descent proceedings.

**Devise** Disposition of property by Will.

**Devisee** Person or organization designated by Will to receive property.

**Distributee** Person, other than a creditor or a purchaser, who receives property of

a decedent from the personal representative.

**Elective Share** The amount a spouse is entitled to regardless of what a Will says.

**Estate** The total of assets and liabilities of a decedent.

**Family Allowance** An amount exempt from creditors and devises that is paid to spouse

and children.

**Fiduciary** Includes personal representative, guardian, conservator and trustee.

Foreign Personal Representative

A personal representative of another jurisdiction.

**Formal Proceedings** Proceedings conducted before a referee or judge.

**Heirs** Persons entitled to the property of the decedent under law absent a

Will.

**Informal Proceedings** Unsupervised proceedings conducted before the probate registrar.

**Interested Person** A person whose rights or property interests may be affected in

probate proceedings; including heirs, devisees, children, spouse, creditors, and any others having a property right or claim to the

decedent's estate.

Intestate/Testate An estate where a decedent left no Will is intestate; an estate with a

Will is testate.

**Issue** A person's children or other lineal descendants such as grandchildren

and great-grandchildren.

Letters of General Administration Document issued by the probate registrar or judicial officer giving a person the authority to administer the estate of a decedent who made

no Will.

**Letters Testamentary** Document issued by the probate registrar or judicial officer giving a

person the authority to administer the estate of a decedent who made

a Will.

**Non-Probate Assets** Assets owned by the decedent not requiring probate to affect a

transfer of ownership (i.e., assets held in a trust, assets naming a

beneficiary, and/or assets held as joint tenants).

Non-Resident Decedent A decedent who was domiciled in another jurisdiction at the time of

death.

**Personal Property** Physical possessions of the decedent; not money or real estate. A

certain amount of personal property and money is exempt from

creditors.

**Personal Representative** A party (individual, organization, or other legal entity), appointed by a

judicial officer or probate registrar to administer an estate.

Per Stirpes or by Representation Share is split evenly among the descendants of the same generation. If a member of a generation predeceases, that share is split among the

deceased's descendants of the next generation.

**Petition** A written request to the court for an order after notice.

**Probate** The legal process of settling an estate after a person dies. It often

includes processes to: (1) prove the validity of a decedent's Will, (2)

determine heirs, and (3) appoint a personal representative.

**Probate Assets** Assets owned solely by the decedent in the decedent's individual

name.

Probate Document Minnesota courts maintain certain estate-related documents as a

probate document for safekeeping when a person is still living and when no petition or application has been filed after a person is deceased. The probate documents are indexed in a manner that permits court administration to ensure that the document is made

part of an estate file when and if it is initiated.

**Property** Includes both real and personal property or any interest therein and

means anything that may be the subject of ownership.

**Pro Se** Acting without legal counsel.

**Registrar** The official of the court who administers informal probate

proceedings.

**Separate Writing** Documents or lists, as referenced in a Will, that dispose of tangible

personal property.

**Special Administration** Legal appointment of an administrator to take care of a particular

need for the estate but short of the powers of a Personal

Representative and no ability to make distributions to beneficiaries.

**Successor Personal** 

Representative

A person who is appointed to succeed a previously appointed personal

representative.

Summary Administration If the gross probate assets of an estate do not exceed the amount and

conditions set in Minn. Stat. § 524.3-1203, the estate may qualify for a

Summary Administration.

Will A written, legally executed declaration of how a person wishes his or

her possessions to be disposed of after death.