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Excerpt from 2005 GRP Report

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The committee was directed by the Court to consider and gather additional information on collaborative law. The committee gave notice to interested parties of its August 19, 2005, public hearing by posting on the Minnesota state courts' website, and by notice sent to the ADR Review Board via its staff because the ADR Review Board made last year's collaborative law proposal. Notice was also sent to the ADR section of the state bar, which had opposed the ADR Review Board proposal last year. The committee heard from a number of speakers on the role of collaborative law under the rules.

1372 Ultimately, the collaborative law proponents requested additional time to submit a 1373 proposal to the committee, and have advised the committee that they do not intend to have a 1374 specific proposal to the committee until February 2006. The committee believes that 1375 interested bar associations or bar committees may want to respond to that submission. As a 1376 result, the committee is not in a position to make definitive recommendation to the Court at 1377 this time. It will be able to do so not later than December 31, 2006, and possibly by June 30, 2006. The committee believes it is desirable to defer action until it can consider the 1378 1379 promised submission from the Collaborative Law Institute or others. If the Court believes action on collaborative law is appropriate at this time, however, the committee would renew 1380 1381 the recommendation made in its Report and Recommendations dated October 28, 2004, with 1382 one exception: the recommendation made then should be modified to include a specific provision in Rule 304 to provide in family cases (the primary current arena for the use of 1383 1384 collaborative law) relief from scheduling pressures as recommended by the committee in its recommended Rule 111.05. 1385

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1387 Excerpt from 2004 GRP report:

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The committee also considered portions of the ADR Review Board's report that
recommended including collaborative law as a means of court-annexed ADR under Rule

- 1 -

114. Because of concerns about the inherent differences between the collaborative law 1393 1394 process and ADR under the supervision of the court as present in the other Rule 114 1395 processes, the advisory committee recommends that no action be taken on collaborative law 1396 at this time. The committee believes that exploration of formal certification of lawyers 1397 specializing in collaborative law would be one alternative mechanism to allow marketing of 1398 collaborative law services and to require training. Because collaborative lawyers are not 1399 "neutrals" and are subject to the Minnesota Rules of Professional Conduct (while Rule 114 1400 neutrals need not be lawyers) the committee believes that the Court should consider having 1401 training, certification, and supervision of these collaborative lawyers performed through the 1402 Lawyers' Board.

1403 If the Court does determine to include express provision for collaborative law in the 1404 rules, it should not be in Rule 114 but in Rule 111 relating to case scheduling. The 1405 committee drafted a rule and accompanying form that it believes would function in this 1406 regard, set forth in Appendix A to this Report.

APPENDIX A: Collaborative Law Provision Not Recommended for Adoption at This Time.

The following rule and form are included for the Court's information, but are not recommended for adoption at this time. If the Court determines to provide for collaborative law explicitly in the rules, however, the committee believes this rule mechanism is workable.

1. RULE **111.05** COULD BE ADOPTED TO PROVIDE FOR USE OF COLLABORATIVE LAW.

1401 Rule 111. Scheduling of Cases.

1402

1403 **Rule 111.05. Collaborative Law.**

* * *

- 1404 (a) Collaborative Law Defined. Collaborative law is a process in which parties and
- 1405 their respective trained collaborative lawyers contract in writing to resolve disputes without
- 1406 seeking court action other than approval of a stipulated settlement. The process may include
- 1407 the use of neutrals as defined in Rule 114.02(b), depending on the circumstances of the
- 1408 particular case. If the collaborative process ends without a stipulated agreement, the
- 1409 <u>collaborative lawyers must withdraw from further representation.</u>
- 1410 (b) Where the parties to an action request deferral in a form substantially similar to
- 1411 Form 111.03 and the court has agreed to attempt to resolve the action using a collaborative
- 1412 <u>law process, the court shall defer setting any deadlines for the period specified in the order</u>
- 1413 approving deferral.
- 1414 (c) When a case has been deferred pursuant to subdivision (b) of this rule and is
- 1415 reinstated on the calendar with new counsel, the court should not ordinarily order the parties
- 1416 to engage in further ADR proceedings without the agreement of the parties.

2. IF RULE 111.05 WERE ADOPTED, RULE 114.04 SHOULD BE AMENDED.

1417 Rule 114.04 Selection of ADR Process

- 1418
- * * *

(b) Court Involvement. If the parties cannot agree on the appropriate ADR
process, the timing of the process, or the selection of neutral, or if the court does not approve
the parties' agreement, the court shall, in cases subject to Rule 111, schedule a telephone or incourt conference of the attorneys and any unrepresented parties within thirty days after the due
date for filing informational statements pursuant to Rule 111.02 or 304.02 to discuss ADR and
other scheduling and case management issues.

(2) Other Court Order for ADR. In all other civil case types subject to this rule, 1426 1427 including conciliation court appeals, any party may move or the court at its discretion 1428 may order the parties to utilize one of the non-binding processes; provided that any no ADR process shall be approved if the court finds that ADR is not appropriate or if it 1429 amounts to a sanction on a non-moving party. Where an action has previously been 1430 deferred on the calendar pursuant to Rule 111.05(b) and the parties have proceeded in 1431 good faith to attempt to resolve the matter using collaborative law, the court should not 1432 1433 ordinarily order the parties to use further ADR processes. [Reporter's Note: This change is made, showing language to the version of the rule 1434 recommended for adoption in the Report. It essentially assumes the committee's 1435 1436 recommended amendment is made, and shows only this additional change that would be 1437 appropriate only if Rule 111.05 were adopted.]

3. IF RULE 111.05 WERE ADOPTED, RULE 114 APPENDIX (CODE OF ETHICS ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURE) SHOULD BE AMENDED.

1438 RULE 114 APPENDIX. CODE OF ETHICS ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURE 1439

1440Rule I.SCOPE1441This procedure applies to complaints against any individual or organization (neutral)

- 1442 placed on the roster of qualified neutrals pursuant to Rule 114.12 or serving as a court
- appointed neutral pursuant to 114.05(b) of the Minnesota General Rules of Practice.

1444 Collaborative attorneys as defined in Rule 111.05(a) are not subject to the Rule 114

1445 **Code of Ethics and Enforcement Procedure while acting as collaborative lawyers.**]

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4. A NEW FORM 111.03 COULD BE ADOPTED AS FOLLOWS. This form is entirely new, but no underscoring is included in order to enhance legibility.

FORM 111.03 **REQUEST FOR DEFERRAL OF SCHEDULING DEADLINES** 1447 1448 1449 1450 1451 STATE OF MINNESOTA DISTRICT COURT _____ COUNTY JUDICIAL DISTRICT 1452 1453 1454 CASE NO. : 1455 Case Type: 1456 1457 1458 _____ Plaintiff 1459 1460 1461 and **REQUEST FOR DEFERRAL** 1462 1463 Defendant 1464 1465 1466 The undersigned parties request, pursuant to Minn. Gen. R. Prac. 111.05, that this 1467 action be deferred and excused from normal scheduling deadlines until _____, 1468 , to permit the parties to engage in a formal collaborative law process. In support of 1469 this request, the parties represent to the Court as true: 1470

All parties have contractually agreed to enter into a collaborative law process in
 an attempt to resolve their differences.

1473 2. The undersigned attorneys are each trained as collaborative lawyers.

1474 3. The undersigned attorneys each agree that if the collaborative law process is not
1475 concluded by the complete settlement of all issues between the parties, each attorney and his
1476 or her law firm will withdraw from further representation and will consent to the substitution
1477 of new counsel for the party.

4. The undersigned attorneys will diligently and in good faith pursue resolution of
this action through the collaborative law process, and will promptly report to the Court when
a settlement is reached or as soon as they determine that further collaborative law efforts will
not be fruitful.

1482

1483	Signed:	Signed:
1484	Collaborative Lawyer for (Plaintiff)	Collaborative Lawyer for (Plaintiff)
1485	(Defendant)	(Defendant)
1486		
1487	Attorney Reg. #:	Attorney Reg. #:
1488	Firm:	Firm:
1489	Address:	Address:
1490	Telephone:	_ Telephone:
1491	Date:	_ Date:
1492		
1493	ORDER FOR DEFERRAL	

1494 The foregoing request is granted, and this action is deferred and placed on the

1495 inactive calendar until ______, ___, or until further order of this Court.

- 1496 Dated: _____.
- 1497
- 1498Judge of District Court