# INSTRUCTIONS

# Demand for Judicial Determination of Forfeiture of Motor Vehicle for Alcohol-Related Offense (Valued at More than \$20,000)

Minn. Stat. § 169A.63, subd. 8(e)

# **Important Notices and Resources**

The Court has forms and instructions, for some types of cases, as a general guide to the court process. These instructions explain the steps in more detail and answer common questions but are not a full guide to the law. Court employees may be able to give general information on court rules and procedures, but they cannot give legal advice.

#### Have questions about court forms or instructions?

- Visit <u>www.MNCourts.gov/SelfHelp</u>
- Call the Statewide Self-Help Center at 651-435-6535

#### Not sure what to do about a legal issue or need advice?

- Talk with a lawyer
- Visit <u>www.MNCourts.gov/Find-a-Lawyer.aspx</u>

Helpful materials may be found at your public county law library. For a directory, see <u>http://mn.gov/law-library/research-links/county-law-libraries.jsp</u>. For more information, contact court administration or call the Minnesota State Law Library at 651-297-7651.

#### When to use these forms:

Use form FOR202 (*Demand for Judicial Determination of Forfeiture*) if you want a judicial officer to decide (determine) whether the vehicle should be returned to you when:

- The vehicle was seized because of an alleged alcohol-related offense;
- You received a Notice of Seizure and Intent to Forfeit from law enforcement; and
- You believe the vehicle should not be forfeited.
- Notice: Do not use this form if you are claiming an Innocent Owner defense.

**Note:** You must serve and file your forms **no later than 60 days after you are served** with the *Notice of Seizure and Intent to Forfeit* form.

# Forms you may need for your Forfeiture case:

- Demand for Judicial Determination of Forfeiture Alcohol-Related Offense (FOR202);
- Notice of Seizure and Intent to Forfeit (form you received from law enforcement); and
- Affidavit of Service Forfeiture Alcohol-Related Offense (FOR204).

The "Judicial Review of Motor Vehicle Forfeiture for Alcohol Related Offense (District Court)" forms are available online at <a href="http://www.mncourts.gov/forms">www.mncourts.gov/forms</a> under the "Seizures, Forfeitures, and Impoundments" category.

# **Resources and General Information about Forfeiture**

#### Information about Forfeitures:

Forfeiture is the process that a state agency uses to seize (take) property from an owner after someone is arrested, charged, or convicted of a specific crime. Forfeiture of property is a civil issue that is separate from any criminal charges that may have been filed against someone. You can read more about forfeitures in the "Forfeiture and Impoundment" Help Topic online at <u>www.mncourts.gov/Help-Topics/Forfeiture-and-Impoundment.aspx</u>.

You will find information about asking the court to return a vehicle that was taken after an alcoholrelated offense in Minn. Stat. § 169A.63, subd. 8(e) (<u>www.revisor.mn.gov/statutes/cite/169A.63</u>). You may file an action in district court for recovery of the seized vehicle.

- Form FOR202 is the form used when filing a forfeiture action in district court to recover a vehicle forfeited for alcohol-related offenses.
- Form FOR402 is used for controlled substance cases.

If the value of your vehicle is \$20,000 or less, you may choose to file your action in Conciliation Court. The forms and instructions to bring a forfeiture action in Conciliation Court are available online at <a href="https://www.mncourts.gov/GetForms.aspx?c=20&p=72">www.mncourts.gov/GetForms.aspx?c=20&p=72</a>.

The Court has forms and instructions, for some types of cases, as a general guide to the court process. These instructions explain the steps in more detail and answer common questions, but are not a full guide to the law. Court employees may be able to give general information on court rules and procedures, but they cannot give legal advice. For a list of legal resources visit www.MNCourts.gov/Find-a-Lawyer.aspx.

#### Innocent Owner:

If you are the owner of a motor vehicle that was seized while someone else was driving, you may be able to ask the prosecuting authority to return the vehicle to you without having to file paperwork with the court.

Any person (other than the defendant driver alleged to have committed the offense) may bring an innocent owner claim by notifying the prosecuting authority in writing no later than 60 days after

being served with the *Notice of Seizure and Intent to Forfeit*. See Minn. Stat. § 169A.63, subd. 7a(a) (www.revisor.mn.gov/statutes/cite/169A.63).

You can use the *Innocent Owner Notice to Prosecuting Authority* form (FOR701) to notify the prosecuting authority of an innocent owner claim. FOR701 is available online at <u>www.mncourts.gov/GetForms.aspx?c=20&f=894</u>. Your written notice to the prosecuting authority does not get filed with the court.

If you do not know whether you are an innocent owner or if you have questions about bringing an innocent owner claim, you may want to get legal advice.

## Information needed to fill out the forms:

The *Demand for Judicial Determination of Forfeiture* form (FOR202) asks for the following information:

- The name of the county in which the vehicle was seized.
- The name and address of the prosecuting authority having jurisdiction over the forfeiture (for example: Rice County Attorney's Office or St. Paul City Attorney's Office).
- Details about the vehicle. For example:
  - o Year
  - o Make
  - o Model
  - Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)
  - License plate number
  - State where the vehicle is registered
  - Value of the vehicle.
- Date or approximate date of seizure.
- Your interest in the vehicle (for example: owner).
- The legal grounds (reasons) why you believe the vehicle was improperly seized. You may need to get legal advice.
- Any affirmative defenses that apply to your situation. You may need to get legal advice.

# Step 1

# Fill out the Demand for Judicial Determination of Forfeiture (FOR202)

#### The Caption

State of Minnesota	District Court
County of:	Court File Number:
Judicial District:	Case Type: <u>Civil – Forfeiture</u>
Plaintiff/Claimant	
Name:	
Address:	
City/State/Zip:	
VS	
Defendant (Vehicle)	
c/o Prosecuting Authority:	
Address:	
City/State/Zip:	

- At the very top of the page, you will fill in 2 lines:
  - The **county** where the vehicle was seized; and
  - The **judicial district** number. Each county belongs in one of 10 judicial districts. If you need help, see <u>http://www.mncourts.gov/Find-Courts.aspx</u>.
  - Leave the **court file number** blank. The court will assign a number after you file the paperwork.
- Fill in the name of each party.
  - You will be the **plaintiff/claimant** in this case. List your full name and address.
  - The **defendant** is a description of the vehicle. For example: 2015 Jeep Cherokee.
    - List the name of the prosecuting authority having jurisdiction over the forfeiture. This is the city or county attorney responsible for prosecuting the underlying offense (for example: Kandiyohi County Attorney's Office, or St. Paul City Attorney). If you are not sure which agency you should list here, get legal advice.

Next, you will fill out the rest of the form.

#### **Vehicle Information**

The plaintiff/claimant in this matter asks for a judicial determina defendant motor vehicle pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 169A.63 clair seized.	
<ol> <li>The following motor vehicle was seized on or about</li> </ol>	(date):
a. Year:	
b. Make:	
c. Model:	
d. Vehicle Identification Number (VIN):	
e. License Plate Number:	State:
f. Value of Vehicle:	

- 1. Give details about the vehicle that was seized. Some of this information may be on the *Notice* you received from law enforcement. List the following:
  - Date of Date of seizure;
  - Year of vehicle;
  - Make (for example: Jeep, Ford, or Honda);
  - Model (for example: Cherokee, Explorer, or Civic);
  - The VIN (Vehicle Identification Number; you will find this number on the vehicle's title);
  - License plate number;
  - State where the vehicle is registered; and
  - Value of the vehicle.

#### Interest in vehicle

2. I claim an interest in or connection to the vehicle because: \_\_\_\_\_\_

2. Explain your interest in the vehicle that was seized. For example, are you the registered owner of the vehicle? If you are not sure how to describe your interest, you should get legal advice.

#### **Improperly Seized**

- I believe the vehicle was improperly seized because:
- 3. Explain why you think law enforcement was wrong to seize the vehicle.

#### **Affirmative Defenses**

4.	I have the following affirmative defenses (if non, state "none"):	

 List any affirmative defenses that apply to your situation. For some affirmative defenses see Rule 8.03 of the Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure,
 www.revisor.mp.gov/court\_rules/cp/id/8/\_Talk to a lawyer to discuss if you have any

<u>www.revisor.mn.gov/court\_rules/cp/id/8/</u>. Talk to a lawyer to discuss if you have any affirmative defenses.

#### Acknowledgement and Signature Block

correct. Minn. Stat. § 358.116	
Date:	
	Signature of Plaintiff/Claimant
	Name:
County and state where signed:	Address:
	City/State/Zip:
	Phone:
	Email:

Read the "Acknowledgement" before you date and sign the form. When you sign the *Demand for Judicial Determination of Forfeiture*, you are signing under penalty of perjury. This means you are saying that everything in the form is true and correct; if you know something in the form is not true when you sign it, you could be found guilty of the crime of perjury (see Minn. Stat. § 609.48, www.revisor.mn.gov/statutes/?id=609.48).

- Date and sign the form.
- Include the county and state you were in when you signed the form.
- Include your name and contact information in the blanks under the signature line.

# Step 2

# Make copies and serve the Prosecuting Authority

#### Copies

Make at least 2 copies of the *Demand for Judicial Determination of Forfeiture* you filled out in Step 1. The copies are for:

- The prosecuting authority; and
- Your records (bring your copies with you to court on the day of the hearing).

#### Serve the Prosecuting Authority

The prosecuting authority must receive a complete copy of the *Demand* you filled out in Step 1. This is called "service of process." Service may be done in one of three ways:

- 1. Service by Certified Mail;
- 2. Personal Service by someone other than yourself; or
- 3. Service by regular First-Class Mail with Waiver/Acknowledgement of Service (CIV022A and CIV022B).

**Deadline for Service** - You must serve the prosecuting authority within **60 days** of the date you received the *Notice of Seizure and Intent to Forfeit* form.

#### Service by Certified Mail:

You or someone else who is at least 18 years old must mail a copy of the paperwork to the prosecuting authority by **certified mail**.

#### **Personal Service:**

Service must be hand-delivered (personal service) and you **cannot be the one to serve**. You have to arrange for someone who is at least 18 years old and who has no interest in the case to **hand-deliver** the forms for you. You can also hire a professional process server.

#### Service by Regular First-Class Mail with Waiver/Acknowledgment of Service:

The Rules of Civil Procedure also allow for service by regular first-class mail. If you decide to serve by first-class mail, you must include the following additional forms:

- Notice of Lawsuit and Request for Waiver of Service of Summons (CIV022A) form;
- Two (2) copies of the Waiver of Service of Summons (CIV022B) form; and
- A prepaid way (such as a self-addressed, stamped envelope) for the other party to return a signed copy of the Waiver of Service of Summons (CIV022B) to you.

The deadline for service applies even if you choose to serve by regular-first class mail. If the other party does not sign and return the *Waiver of Service* to you, the papers may not be considered served. If that happens, you must serve them by certified mail or personal service within 60 days of the date of when you received the *Notice of Seizure and Intent to Forfeit* form. If you have any questions, please talk to a lawyer.

# Step 3

# Fill out the Affidavit of Service – Forfeiture – Alcohol-Related Offense Form (FOR204) \*Server Must Sign\*

You can fill out the caption of the Affidavit of Service – Forfeiture – Alcohol-Related Offense ahead of time.

This caption should match the caption on the Demand (FOR202).

#### Who Was Served

Иу name is	, and I
am at least 18 years old. I served papers for this forfeiture case as follows:	
Who Was Served	
Prosecuting Authority:	
Name:	
Street Address:	
City/State/Zip:	

- Fill in the Fill in the first and last name of the person who served the paperwork. Remember, you cannot be the one to hand-deliver the documents to the prosecuting authority.
- Fill in the name and address of the prosecuting authority that was served.

#### What Was Served

Forms Served (check all that apply)
□ Demand for Judicial Determination of Forfeiture (FOR202)
□ Other:
Additional Forms if Serving by Regular First-Class Mail
$\Box$ Notice of Lawsuit and Request for Waiver of Service of Summons (CIV022A)
□ Waiver of Service (CIV022B) (2 copies)
$\Box$ Self-addressed, stamped envelope for return of the Waiver of Service.

• Check the box(es) showing the papers that were served. Remember, if you choose to serve by regular first-class mail, you must include the additional forms.

#### How papers were served – the Server should fill out this section

1. 🛯 Certified Mail – On	(date), I sent a copy of the forms to the
address noted above by certified mail, v	vith enough postage, in the United States Mail in
-	(city, state).
copy of the forms to the address noted	above.
3. 🗌 Regular First-Class Mail – On	(date), I placed the envelopes
addressed as noted above in the United	States Mail in

- If the server *sent* the copies by *Certified Mail*, they should check the first box ("Certified Mail"). Then fill in the date the copies were mailed, and the city and state the sever was in when they mailed the forms.
- If the server *hand-delivered* the copies, they should check the second box ("Personal Service"). Then fill in the date they personally served the forms.
- If the server *sent* the copies by regular *First-Class Mail*, they should check the third box ("Regular First-Class Mail"). Then fill in the date when the copies were mailed, and the city and state the server was in when they mailed the forms.

#### Signature of Server

• Whoever served the forms will need to sign the bottom of the form under penalty of perjury and fill in the contact information.

# Step 4 File with Court Administration

#### File the following documents with court administration:

- Demand for Judicial Determination of Forfeiture (FOR202); and
- Affidavit of Service Forfeiture Alcohol-Related Offense (FOR204).

If you served the Prosecuting Authority by regular first-class mail, **you must also file the Waiver/Acknowledgment of Service** forms signed by the agency.

#### **Deadline for Filing:**

Filing must be done **within 60 days** from the date you received the *Notice of Seizure and Intent to Forfeit.* 

#### How to File

#### At the Courthouse – for Self-Represented Litigants (SRLs)

- This can be done either in person at the courthouse or by mail. Addresses for courthouses are online at <a href="https://mncourts.gov/Find-Courts.aspx">https://mncourts.gov/Find-Courts.aspx</a>. Use the drop-down menu or map to find your county.
- It is a good idea to make a copy of each of the forms you are filing with the court for your own records.
- There is no fee to file your forfeiture forms.

#### Electronic Filing through eFS System

 The eFS System allows you to electronically file (eFile) your forms. Information on eFiling is on the MN Judicial Branch website at <u>https://www.mncourts.gov/eFile</u> under the "eFile and eServe Training" tab.

- There is no fee to file your forfeiture forms.
- Once you choose to eFile, you must eFile for the rest of the case. See <u>Minn. Gen. R. Prac.</u> <u>14.01(b)(5)(i)</u> (revisor.mn.gov/court\_rules/gp/id/14/). Government agencies and attorneys are always required to eFile.

## What to Expect Next...

Court administration will notify you of the hearing date and time.

If you miss the court date, the judicial officer could order the forfeiture of your vehicle. For more information about going to court, visit the "Going to Court" Help Topic at <u>https://mncourts.gov/Help-Topics/Going-to-Court.aspx</u>.

If you are not sure what to say in court, it is a good idea to talk to an attorney before the hearing.